

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Preface	VII
About the authors	IX
Acknowledgements	XI
1 DISK AND STORAGE SYSTEM BASICS	1
1.1 Overview	1
1.1.1 Storage Hardware Situation and Outlook	1
1.1.2 Physical Limits	3
1.1.3 Trying to Fix the Problems - and Failing!	7
1.1.4 SAN-Attached Hard Disks	10
1.1.5 Storage Arrays and LUNs	10
1.1.6 Common Problems	15
1.1.7 Physical Disks vs. LUNs	17
1.2 Disk Addressing and Layout	19
1.3 Paths and path redundancy	23
1.4 The Trouble with Networked Disk Access	30
1.4.1 Summary	36
2 EXPLORING VXVM	39
2.1 Getting Started	39
2.1.1 Hello, Volume!	40
2.1.2 vxdisksetup: Turning Disks into VM Disks	40
2.1.3 Disk Groups: Putting VM Disks into Virtual Storage Boxes	42
2.2 The Hard Way: a Low-level Walkthrough	45
2.2.1 Subdisks: Extents for Persistent Backing Store	45
2.2.2 Plexes: Mapping Virtual Extents to Physical Extents	46
2.2.3 Volumes: Virtual Partitions for Any Purpose	48
2.2.4 Volume Start: Prepare for Takeoff	52
2.3 The Easy Way: vxassist	53
2.3.1 Summary	53
3 INCORPORATING DISKS INTO VXVM	55
3.1 Solaris Disk Handling	56
3.1.1 Getting a New Disk into Solaris	56
3.1.2 You Don't Format with "format"	57
3.1.3 Finding New Disks in VxVM	57
3.1.4 What if My New Disk is Not Found?	59
3.1.5 Leaving Physics Behind – Welcome to VxVM!	61

Table Of Contents

3.2 VxVM disk handling	62
3.2.1 VxVM Disk Formats	62
3.2.2 cddisks and sliced	63
3.2.3 How to Mix CDS and Sliced Disks in a Disk Group?	66
3.2.4 Other Disk Formats	66
3.2.5 Encapsulation Overview – Integrating Legacy Data	67
3.2.6 Summary	69
4 DISK GROUPS	71
4.1 Overview	71
4.1.1 What is a Disk Group?	71
4.2 Simple Disk Group Operations	74
4.3 Advanced Disk Group Operations	80
4.3.1 Options for Importing or Exporting a DG	81
4.3.2 Disk Group Operations for Off-Host Processing	83
4.3.3 Miscellaneous Disk Group Operations	85
4.3.4 Summary	87
4.4 Disk Group Implementation Details	89
4.4.1 Major and Minor Numbers for Volumes and Partitions	97
5 VOLUMES	99
5.1 Overview	99
5.1.1 What is a Volume?	99
5.2 Simple Volume Operations	101
5.2.1 Creating, Using and Displaying a Volume	101
5.2.2 Useful vxprint Flags Explained	103
5.2.3 Starting and Stopping Volumes	105
5.3 Volume Layouts and RAID Levels	106
5.3.1 Volume Features Supported by VxVM	106
5.4 Volume Maintenance	114
5.5 Tuning vxassist Behavior	120
5.5.1 Storage Attributes – Specifying Allocation Strategies	120
5.5.2 Skipping Initial Mirror Synchronisation	126
5.5.3 Changing the Layout of a Volume	127
5.6 Methods of Synchronisation	130
5.6.1 Atomic Copy	131
5.6.2 Read–Writeback, Schrödinger’s Cat, and Quantum Physics	132
5.7 Volume Features in Detail	137
5.7.1 concat	137
5.7.2 stripe	137
5.7.3 mirror	139
5.7.4 RAID-4 and RAID-5	142
5.7.5 mirror-concat	146

5.7.6	mirror-stripe.	146
5.7.7	Mixed Layouts.	146
5.8	Relayout in Detail.	147
6	LAYERED VOLUMES.	153
6.1	Overview.	153
6.1.1	Why Use Layered Volumes?	153
6.2	Introducing Layered Volumes.	158
6.2.1	concat-mirror	160
6.2.2	stripe-mirror.	161
6.2.3	Understanding vxprint Output for Layered Volumes	162
6.3	Understanding Layered Volumes	165
6.3.1	Manually Creating a Layered Volume.	165
6.3.2	Mirroring RAID-5 Volumes	169
7	LOGS	173
7.1	Overview.	173
7.1.1	What is a Log?	174
7.1.2	Simple Log Operations	175
7.2	Log Maintenance	177
7.3	Details About Logs	180
7.3.1	DRL (Dirty Region Log)	180
7.3.2	DCL/DCO (Data Change Log / Data Change Object)	184
7.3.3	raid5log	188
8	DUAL DATA CENTERS	191
8.1	Volume Management in Dual Data Centers.	191
8.1.1	Growing a Mirrored Volume Across Sites	192
8.1.2	Growing Existing Volumes Across Sites	196
8.1.3	Mirroring Site-Aware Volumes Across Sites	204
8.1.4	Summary	212
8.2	Replication Across Data Centers.	213
8.2.1	Replication vs. Mirroring	213
8.2.2	The Speed of Light and Latency	214
8.2.3	Replication Using Storage Array Logic	217
8.2.4	Replication Using Kernel Mode Logic.	220
8.3	Estimating Replication Speed	223
9	POINT IN TIME COPIES (SNAPSHOTS)	233
9.1	Overview.	233
9.1.1	Types of Snapshots	233
9.1.2	Consistency Problems for Snapshots	235
9.2	Physical Raw Device Snapshots	237

Table Of Contents

9.2.1	Overview	237
9.2.2	A Look at What Goes on Inside	238
9.2.3	A Logical File System Snapshot	245
9.3	Features of and Improvements on the Raw Device Snapshot	249
9.3.1	Snapshot Region Logging by the Data Change Log	249
9.3.2	Reverting the Resynchronization Direction	253
9.3.3	The Snap Objects	254
9.3.4	Clearing the Snapshot Relation	256
9.3.5	Deleting the Snapshot	257
9.3.6	Offhost Processing	258
9.3.7	Full Sized Volume Based Instant Snapshots	262
9.3.8	Snapshot Refresh	267
9.3.9	Space Optimized Volume Based Instant Snapshots	268
9.3.10	Autogrow Related Attributes	274
9.3.11	Cascading Snapshots	278
9.3.12	A Final Example for Volume Snapshots	279
9.4	Veritas File System Based Snapshots	282
9.4.1	Cache Overflow on a Traditional Snapshot	282
9.4.2	VxFS Storage Checkpoints	286
9.5	Creating a Full Sized Volume Snapshot Using Low-Level Commands	300
9.6	Legacy Snapshot Commands	303
9.6.1	Full Sized Snapshot without FMR	303
9.6.2	Full Sized Snapshot with Kernel Based FMR	306
9.6.3	Full Sized Snapshot with DCL Volume Based FMR Version 0	307
9.7	DCO Version 0 and Version 20	308
9.8	VxFS Storage Checkpoint Behavior	313
10	ENCAPSULATION AND ROOT MIRRORING	319
10.1	Introduction and Overview	319
10.2	The Secrets of Encapsulation	321
10.3	Root Disk Encapsulation	323
10.4	Root Disk Mirroring	324
10.5	Remarks to vxencap and OS Mirroring	327
10.6	The Ghost Subdisk	330
10.7	Manual Encapsulation Walkthrough	338
10.7.1	Assumptions and Prerequisites	338
10.7.2	Basic Considerations	339
10.7.3	Storing the Disk Layout	340
10.7.4	Defining Private and Public Region	340
10.7.5	Creating Subdisks, Plexes, and Volumes	341
10.7.6	Mirroring and Preparing for CDS	345
10.7.7	Converting to CDS	348

11 TROUBLESHOOTING	349
11.1 Introduction	349
11.2 Disk Outage	352
11.2.1 Disk Permanently damaged	355
11.2.2 Disk Temporarily Unavailable	358
11.2.3 Replacing an OS Disk	359
11.3 Disk Outage in Detail	362
11.3.1 A Complete Disk Array Temporarily Unavailable	362
11.3.2 A Disk Group Temporarily Inaccessible	363
11.3.3 A Partially Failed Disk ("Failing")	365
11.3.4 Hot Relocation	367
11.3.5 Hot Spare	374
11.4 Synchronization Tasks	380
11.4.1 Optimizing Resynchronization	380
11.4.2 Controlling Synchronization Behavior	383
11.5 Restore of Lost VxVM Objects	391
11.5.1 vxprint and vxmake Capabilities	391
11.5.2 Restore of All Volumes in a Disk Group	392
11.5.3 Restore of Some Volumes in a Disk Group	393
11.5.4 Restore of the Entire Disk Group Configuration	394
11.5.5 Restore of a Destroyed Disk Group	398
11.5.6 Serial Split Brain of a Disk Group	401
11.6 Booting without VxVM	406
11.7 More than Two OS Mirrors: Emergency Disk	412
11.8 Hot Relocation Troubles	420
11.8.1 Plex Synchronization Skipped	420
11.8.2 Unrelocation of Split Subdisks	424
11.9 Plex States Overview	426
12 FILE SYSTEMS	429
12.1 Block Based File Systems	429
12.1.1 Just for Fun: Commodore 64's Rudimentary File Access	430
12.1.2 FAT – Not a Big Improvement	430
12.1.3 UFS – Finally Something Decent	432
12.2 Extent Based File Systems	434
12.2.1 VxFs	434
12.3 Advanced File System Operations	441
12.3.1 Summary	445
13 TUNING STORAGE FOUNDATION	447
13.1 Basics About Tuning Storage Foundation	447
13.1.1 Tuning VxVM by Using Reasonable Parameters	449
13.1.2 Understanding and Modifying VxVM Defaults	451

Table Of Contents

13.1.3	Tuning VxFS	454
13.2	Tools for Performance Tuning VxVM on SAN Storage	461
13.3	Performance Tuning	468
13.3.1	Overview and Disclaimer	468
13.3.2	Identifying Performance and Performance Requirements	468
13.3.3	Comparative Benchmarks of Various Volume Layouts	473
13.3.4	Summary	477
14	MISCELLANEOUS	479
14.1	Disk Flags	479
14.1.1	Summary	485
15	STORAGE FOUNDATION SOFTWARE STACK	487
15.1	Software Overview	487
15.1.1	Structure of Storage Foundation Components	488
15.2	Kernel Space Drivers	491
15.3	User Space Processes	494
15.4	Reducing VxVM's Footprint	495
15.4.1	Essential VxVM Processes	496
15.4.2	Unessential VxVM Processes	496
15.4.3	Potentially Undesirable VxVM Processes	497
16	INDEX	501